

## Statin use in Persons with Diabetes (SUPD)

**DENOMINATOR:** Patients 40-75 years old who were dispensed at least 2 diabetes medication fills during the measurement year

**NUMERATOR:** Patient dispensed at least 1 statin medication of any intensity during the measurement year using Medicare Part D benefit.

Statin Medications: Generic and Brand Names			
<b>Atrovastatin</b> (Lipitor, Caduet)	<b>Lovastatin</b> (Altoprev)	<b>Pravastatin</b> (Pravachol)	<b>Simvastatin</b> (Zocor, Vytorin)
<b>Fluvastatin</b> (Lescol XL)	<b>Pitavastatin</b> (Livalo, Zypitamag)	<b>Rosuvastatin</b> (Crestor, Ezallor, Roszet)	

### Tips for Coding

- To exclude patients who cannot tolerate statin medications, a claim must be submitted annually using the appropriate ICD-10-CM code
- Providers may use virtual care to confirm and document the exclusion diagnosis in the medical record. They should then bill the non-reimbursable HCPCS code G9781 for \$0.01 with the applicable ICD-10 code attached to process the claim and remove the patient from the Star measure.
- These codes are intended to close Star measure gaps and do not apply payment or reimbursement. Only the codes below will **EXCLUDE** the patient from the SUPD measure:

Exclusion Condition	ICD-10-CM Code
<b>Cirrhosis</b>	K70.30, K70.31, K71.7, K74.3, K74.5, K74.60, K74.69
<b>End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD)</b>	I12.0, I13.11, I13.2, N18.5, N18.6, N19, Z91.5, Z99.2
<b>Pregnancy and/or Lactation</b>	Numerous > 1k
<b>Polycystic Ovarian Syndrome (PCOS)</b>	E28.2
<b>Pre-diabetes</b>	R73.03
<b>Other abnormal blood glucose</b>	R73.09
<b>Myopathy, drug induced*</b>	G72.0
<b>Myopathy, other specified*</b>	G72.89
<b>Myopathy, unspecified*</b>	G72.9
<b>Myositis, other*</b>	M60.80, M60.819, M60.829, M60.839, M60.849, M60.859, M60.869, M60.879
<b>Rhabdomyolysis*</b>	M62.82
<b>Hospice</b>	Z51.5, along with terminal diagnosis

\*The condition the code refers to does not necessarily need to occur in the same year the code was billed. The member's medical chart should reflect "history of"

### **Tips for success**

- Educate patients on the importance of statin medications for patients with diabetes age 40-75, regardless of LCL levels
- Discuss with patients the importance of taking their medication as prescribed
- Instruct patients to fill prescriptions using their Medicare Part D pharmacy benefit
- Remind patients to contact their practitioner if experiencing medication adverse effects